





**VILLE.**—McKoy & Bro., have this day opened and exposed for sale, a superb assortment of Shetland Wool Breakfast Shawls, Cloaks and Dress Goods, and still continue to sell domestic goods from 10 to 16 cents per yard lower than can be procured elsewhere.  
nov15dtc230.



State News.

A SOLDIERS' Aid Concert at Ripon, the Commonwealth says, was a "grand affair" and "fully met the expectations of every one." The receipts of the evening were \$115.—The boys of Coscove have been clubbing together and are making assaults with bucksnaws and axes on the woodpiles of poor widows in their midst, reducing such piles very speedily to a condition for consuming.—The Beloit Journal says Prof. Blaisdell, of Beloit College, has had and declined a call to the Westminster Presbyterian Church in Rockford.—Charles F. Doring, of Columbus, writes the Madison Journal that the thermometer was 33 degrees below zero there on Tuesday morning last.—The Plover Times says deer are very abundant in that region. It speaks of two men each who killed 13 during one week. Deer meat should be cheap.—The receipts of the Racine and Mississippi road from January 1, to November 30, 1894, are \$540,883.27. Corresponding period last year \$379,036.21. Increase, \$161,847.06.—Hon. C. A. Eldridge, who was detained by the sickness of his wife, has left Fond du Lac for Washington, and is in his seat before this.—The Fond du Lac Reporter says the thermometer was twenty-eight degrees below zero on Friday morning last.—A Musical Association has been organized at Ripon.—The philanthropists at Ripon are active in behalf of the Freedmen's Aid Commission.—The Banner says the Jefferson County Board of Supervisors fixed the salary of the County Treasurer and Clerk of the Board of Supervisors at \$1,200 each and the District Attorney at \$500.—The Fond du Lac Press says the iron works at Fond du Lac are building steam engines for the Peninsula Rail Road Company.—Col. Cobb, of the 43d regiment, was at Mineral Point recently, on his way to Washington, to take his seat as a member of Congress.—The Mineral Point Tribune says Messrs. Squires and Brunger have struck a lead of lead mineral, from which, in ten days, they have taken out from 15,000 to 20,000 pounds and lots more in sight.—The printers of the fourth, and fifth Congressional districts propose to celebrate Franklin's birthday at Fond du Lac.—Twenty degrees below zero is the figure at which the Postage Register puts thermometer there during the late extreme cold.—The Citizen says the Presbyterian Church of Beaver Dam has contributed some \$1,000 for benevolent purposes within a year.—The Fox Lake Gazette records a sale of 22 hogs, weighing in all, 5,580 pounds, and bringing \$697.50.—The Sentinel records a daring burglary in Milwaukee by Wm. Bell and Charles Moore, who were bound over to examination. It notes the sale of a porker weighing 905 pounds, live weight, two years old, for \$145.—The Wisconsin gives an interesting account of a Milwaukee ship yard and dry dock.—The La Crosse Republican says the Mississippi bridge is firm and solid. It tells of a hog weighing almost 500 pounds, sold for \$73, and another weighing a little over 700, sold for \$105. Venison is very plenty at La Crosse. The Sparta Eagle says a donation party for the benefit of the poor there, recently yielded \$72 in cash and \$50 in clothing, provisions, &c. It says many who were abundantly able gave nothing. The Herald says the past has been a very prosperous and busy season in Sparta.—The Appleton Crescent of the 10th has an enthusiastic article on the advantages to Appleton of the construction of the North-western Road. It has stimulated enterprise, set in motion the wheels of vast machinery, and developed the resources of that region amazingly.—The Madison Journal says the offices of Secretary of State, Treasurer, Attorney General, and School Lands, will not be closed hereafter at noon as has been the case, but will be open uninterruptedly from 9 a. m., to four p. m. This is a very sensible and desirable reform.—The Green Bay Advocate records a singular accident. A woman had been milking a cow, and after finishing proceeded to take away the vessel from which the cow had been eating, when the animal threw up its head, and one of its horns entered above one of the eyes of the woman and gouged out the eye so completely that it fell into her hand. A girl walked ten miles to a physician to get help.

AN OMITTED CLAUSE.—The President's Message, as printed in the Congressional Globe, contains this sentence in reference to the leader of the rebellion: "He would accept nothing, short of the severance of the Union, precisely what we will not and cannot give." The Message as printed in the New-York and Western papers, omits the italicized portion.

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Six brothers named Jones were brought into the Provost-Marshal's office in Washington, last week, as southern refugees. They were sent to Columbus, Ohio, having taken the oath of allegiance.

GEN. SHERMAN's youngest child died recently at South Bend, Ind. This is the second of his family thus lost during his absence in the field.

DR. LIVINGSTONE, the celebrated traveler who explored Central Africa, is about returning to India.

LINCOLN.

Lincoln, of these two lands willing when your men may want no more, some little lower I too would bring. A last and lasting offering To drop at Virtue's door.

No worldly gain will tempt aside The footsteps from the path of right; While honest truth the way shall guide. We will in steadfast hope abide The hand of the light.

Whatever cares on thee descend, And situate the heart of state, The cause of Freedom still defend, And fame's proud laurels in the end Thy honest toil await.

This simple tribute let me pay, New clouds obscure the rising sun, The hand will even thou close it away, And friends and foes will one day say, Thy truth the victory won.

ONE KIND OF EMBEZZLEMENT.

John Perkins and Silas Tower were walking in company. It was morning and they were on their way to business. Perkins was a young man—perhaps eight-and-twenty; and Tower was approaching the middle age.

"Ah," said Perkins in a tone of friendliness, "here comes Matthew Baldwin." The person alluded to was at that moment crossing the street, and as he reached the sidewalk he stopped in front of his friends. He was a rough-clad, brown-faced man, with a frank, open countenance, and he earned his bread by hard work from day to day.

"Good morning," said Matthew Baldwin. Perkins and Tower returned the salutation.

Mr. Perkins pursued the laboring man, with a show of nervousness in his manner, "could you make it convenient to let me have a little money this morning?"

"I declare, Matthew, you have hit me in a most unfortunate time," replied John Perkins laughing. His laugh was a business laugh.

"I am sorry, sir," said the laboring man. "The bill is only eight dollars, and I need the money very much. If you could contrive to spare me a part of it—"

"No, no; hold on for a few days, Matthew, and you shall have the whole of it. I have not got it now. If I don't see you when I have it, I'll send it in to you."

Matthew Baldwin turned away with a reluctant step, and the two friends pursued their way.

Poor Matthew is disappointed," remarked Tower.

"Yes, I suppose so," responded Perkins. "I had half a mind to lend you the money for him."

"Oh, I have the money, but it makes no difference," replied Perkins.

"But, John, you surely would not keep the poor man out of his money, if you could raise it for him?"

"I don't like to pay myself short," was Perkins' reply.

Silas Tower believed he knew his friend's fault, and he determined to speak his mind freely.

"I think," he said, in a careful, considerate way, "that you could have paid Matthew Baldwin eight dollars, if you had so wished. Am I right?"

"If I had wished to pay away all the money I had with me, I suppose I could. But I don't like to do that."

"Why not?" repeated Perkins, with elevated brows. "Why, because I like to have a little money by me?"

"For what?"

"For what?" was the echo. "Why, there might be a thousand things for which I might need money."

"And for what can you need money more than to pay an honest debt to a hard working, needy man? Now, John, you must pardon me if I speak plainly."

"Go ahead," cried Perkins, with a light laugh.

"Then here it is," continued Silas Tower—"if you had eight dollars in your pocket when Matthew Baldwin asked you to pay him that sum, the money really belonged to him. He had worked for it, and you had received the full value of his demand. You had no more right in honor to keep that money, than you had to embezzle a like amount."

"Upon my life, Silas, you put it strong; but I don't see it. Do you like to be without money?"

"I would rather be without money than to be in debt."

"Do you mean to say that you would have paid away your last dollar had you been in my place a few minutes ago?"

"Certainly I would, and why should I wish to keep it? If I have money in my pocket which is not already appropriated, I use it to supply my wants."

"And to meet emergencies," suggested Perkins.

"Yes—to meet emergencies," admitted Tower. "And what greater emergency can arise than the coming of such an application as Baldwin made to you? when a friend wants to borrow money of me, I am apt to consider my own convenience first; but when a man comes to me for money which I owe him, I pay it if I have it in my possession. In the first place the money is really and truly his, and I only have it in keeping for him. Matthew Baldwin is a hard worker, working hard to support himself and family, and when you hired him, you know how he needed the pay for work from day to day—or at least, from week to week. When he had done his work you owed him eight dollars; and if you had eight dollars in your pocket, the sum was his, not yours; and when he asked you for it and you told him you could not pay it, you were acting out what I should call one kind of embezzlement."

John Perkins laughed.

"And," pursued Tower, taking no notice of the interruption, "there is another reason why you should have paid him the money, even if it took your last penny. You should have done it for your own good. While a man is in debt he cannot afford to waste money; he needs to save if he carried money just for the sake of spending it. Now mark me, John, and see if I do not speak the truth: If you had had the eight dollars in your pocket, you would never have spent money which was not yours. This determination, put in practice, would free you from all embarrassment, and lead you into the confidence of your fellows. In short the man who never gets into debt, or who, if debt must come, holds the liquidating of that debt as one of the chiefest necessities, will be pretty sure to prosper; and, in the end, he will not be likely to be called on to pay his last dollar. And now, my dear fellow, if you want my advice, I can give it to you."

"Go ahead."

"Do you go back and pay Matthew Baldwin what you owe him. Go now, before you go to your work. If it takes the last dollar, go and do it. Or if you have but the eight dollars, go and tell him so, and ask him to divide with you."

"I guess I must think of it a while," said Perkins, with moated laugh.

"At all events," added Tower, "you will allow me to speak to you on the subject again?"

"Certainly."

On Wednesday morning John Perkins saw Matthew Baldwin again; but he was not forced to dodge out of the way, for this time the poor laboring man was standing at the door of a physician's office.

On Thursday morning, as John Perkins was going to his shop, he saw in the street ahead of him Matthew Baldwin and Silas Tower engaged in conversation. Directly, Baldwin crossed the street and went away, while Tower waited for Perkins to come up. The two friends shook hands and passed the compliments of the morning.

"Poor Baldwin is in trouble," said Tower, as they walked on.

"Ah, how so?" asked Perkins.

"His wife is very sick—has been sick over a week; and two of his children are down with the diphtheria. One of them, the doctor thinks, will die. Poor fellow! I pity him. What with the presses to hire, and medicine to buy, and provisions of all kinds so high, he finds it hard to get along. I lent him five dollars this morning, or rather I paid him in advance for some work he has promised to do for me."

John Perkins seemed to be a little nervous.

"By the way," pursued Tower, after they had walked on a little while in silence, "have you paid Baldwin that eight dollars yet?"

"No—I haven't, replied John reluctantly.

"Have you money enough with you to pay it?"

"No."

"How much have you?"

"Not over three or four dollars."

"Now, John," said Tower, with sudden earnestness, "I am going to ask you a question, and you can answer me, or not, as you please. What have you done with the money you had on Monday morning?"

"At first John Perkins could not tell what he had done with it; but finally he made out to account for part of it. There were two theatre tickets at fifty cents each. One oyster supper for himself and friend—a ride—two dollars. And then he owed to numerous glasses of soda and beer. In all he accounted for six dollars or thereabouts.

"I declare," said Tower, shaking his head, and speaking with solemn seriousness, "I would not like to borrow money of Matthew Baldwin for such purposes!"

"How?" muttered John. "Borrow—of Matthew Baldwin?"

"Oh! you need not try to hide the truth, John. You know what I mean."

At this point the friends separated; and as John Perkins walked towards his shop the words of Silas Tower rang in his ears. Did he know what his friend meant? Ay, did he; and when he reached his place of work he reflected long and seriously.

"I declare," he muttered to himself, as he rolled up his sleeves and arranged his tools. "I think Tower is right. I could have paid Baldwin last Monday morning if I had only thought so. I wish I had. He set his lathe and fixed a bar of iron for burning. 'If I paid him,' he continued, as he watched the bits of iron drop from the revolving bar, 'I should at this moment be better off than I am. Of course I shouldn't have borrowed money to go to the theatre with, nor to pay for horses. By the powers! Silas told the truth. That money honestly belonged to Matthew Baldwin.'"

And so, through the day, John Perkins talked with himself upon the subject thus brought before him, and before night he had resolved he would turn over a new leaf.

On Friday morning John Perkins saw a man carrying a little coffin into Matthew Baldwin's shop. The sight caused him to reflect more deeply than he had done on the day before. That little coffin, with its tale of bereavement and woe, led him into sympathy with the sufferers; and the thought that his failure in duty might have added to the sufferings of the lowly household, smote him to the heart.

Saturday evening, Perkins knocked at Matthew Baldwin's door. The poor man answered the summons. He was bowed with grief, and his eyes were red with weeping.

"Pardon me for calling at this time," said Perkins, in subdued tones; "but I thought you might need the money I owed you."

Indeed, sir, I do need it; and I thank you for your kindness in remembering me."

The man's face brightened as he received the money, and he expressed his thanks again.

"In the time to come," said John Perkins, "I may have considerable work for you to do; and I promise that you shall never again have occasion to ask twice for what is your due." And he kept his word.

People who were acquainted with John Perkins, and who saw him often, fancied that he walked more stately and proudly than he used to walk; and the impression with some was, that he had met with a stroke of good fortune. The grocer, and the baker, and the butcher were among those who imagined that a large sum of money had fallen to him.

Six months had passed away. John Perkins and Silas Tower were walking together as we have seen them before.

"My dear Silas, and John," in continuation of a conversation already begun, "I owe it all to you; and to you I am indebted for my emancipation from one of the meanest and most galling states of servitude that ever laid its yoke upon the neck of man. Six months ago I was hampered with petty debts, and was growing more inclined to shrink the payment of them; but it is so no more. I now regard a debt as a thing to be shunned; but if I must incur a debt, I pay it as soon as I can. If I had an enemy, and was malevolent enough to wish him ill, I can think of no greater evil to call down on a curse upon him than a state of perplexing, harassing debt."

NEW PERFUME FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF.

PHALON'S "NIGHT-BLOOMING CEREUS."



A Most Exquisite, Delicate and Fragrant Perfume, Perfected from the Rare and Beautiful Flower from which it takes its name. Manufactured only by PHALON & SON.

Beware of Counterfeits. Ask for Phalon's—Take no other. Sold by druggists generally.

FRISH'S BALTIMORE OYSTERS, served daily by express at West-Market Street.

Hats, Caps, Fur, &c.

HAT, CAP AND FUR STORE



THE LATEST STYLES

BROWN & CO.,

Keep constantly on hand

MINK, FRENCH MINK, FITCH,

Siberian, Squirrel, &c.

in sets for Ladies and Children.

HATS & CAPS!

For Men and Boys, in the latest style of fashion.

Beaver, South Seal & Nitre Gloves,

CAPS & MUFFLERS,

for Gentlemen wear.

Ruckskin Mittens and Gloves,

for Men and Boys.

Buffalo & Fancy Sleigh Robes

We call especial attention to the best Robes in the market—Indian Tanned.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.

BROWN & CO.

25-The highest market prices paid for shipping furs No. 4 Myers Block.

HAT, CAP AND FUR STORE.



MRS. BEALE!

NEW FALL AND

WINTER GOODS!

GENTLEMEN'S

FUR CAPS AND COLLARS!

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S FURS!

LADIES

Fur Gloves and Mittens,

Also a beautiful line of

Wanted Goods, Nubias, Hoods, &c.

MILLINERY GOODS!

New and beautiful styles. Also

A nice Assortment of Ladies' Gloves!

West side the River, on the corner opposite the First National Bank.

Miscellaneous.

PORTER'S

"Photograph Parlors."

This line now become one of the fixed institutions of Janesville. The unbounded success which has attended these rooms since their opening, has more than met our most sanguine expectations, and a new "bill" seems to be demanded.

Extending thanks to the entire community for

THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE

bestowed upon this institution, and the just appreciation given to our

WORKS OF ART

we solicit even a larger patronage to enable us by an increase of business to keep the prices of

Pictures Within the Reach of All.

For he it known that, despite that person who thinks pictures are high-priced, good pictures are the cheapest commodity in market.

We will arrive here to please all, though we cannot promise always to do it. But we will promise always to give you a good, life-like picture, and do it with the least possible trouble to the sitters.

STEREOSCOPES

and Stereoscopic views of local scenes for sale at these rooms. We are also prepared to take Stereoscopic pictures of single objects or groups.

From Life or Scenes in Nature.

This is the only gallery in town, perhaps, where photographs can be made with Stereoscopic effect.

COME ONE, COME ALL,

and when you fail to get satisfactory pictures of your selves or of your friends discover,

TRY PORTER.

Janesville, August 11th, 1891. 82CampJawitt

E. S. BARROWS has the pleasure

of announcing the following list of

PARLOR COAL STOVES

for the trade of 1894-5, which comprise the leading Stoves of the year:

P. P. Stewart's Gas Burner,

MORNING GLORY,

LITTLEFIELD'S Parlor Furnaces,

EMPIRE GAS BURNER,

CHURCH'S GAS BURNER,

MORNING LIGHT,

SEAVEY'S GAS BURNER.

Also a choice collection of

CHEAP COAL STOVES!!

all of which will be found on exhibition at his store, and for which orders are solicited. Owing to a very great demand some of the above are only to be furnished by order, and orders can only be filled in their turn. Orders received for Littlefield's Furnaces, also Seavey's Furnaces for heating houses.

VERY IMPORTANT.

I have in stock a cheap and very effective Window Blind Lock, by which the blind is securely fastened so that it cannot be opened from the outside.

sep22Nov6m-651

E. S. BARROWS.

Dry Goods.

PANIC IN THE

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Immense arrivals by

RIORDAN & LEECH.

Our numerous customers are hereby informed that having visited the markets for the second time this season, at the critical period when gold was tumbling and staple and domestic Dry Goods were being slaughtered in the Auction Rooms of Wildermers & Mount, Hought & Humberst, and Van Wyck, Townsend & Co., and having purchased largely while other merchants were sitting still at home, we are now prepared to offer to the public the largest and best selected

STOCK OF GOODS

In this city, at less than present New York Wholesale prices. Our entire stock of

PRINTS, MEIRIMAGS, COCHETTES, SPRAGUES, AMERICAN,

and other fabrics at 25 per cent. less than former prices. Our entire stock of

DELAINES!

French, English and American at 25 per cent. less than former prices. Our entire stock of French and English!

Merinos, Coburgs & Lyonsese Cloths

at 25 per cent. less than former prices. Our entire stock of

FOREIGN DRESS GOODS,

consisting of Robes, Poplins, Plain and Plaided Poplins, Velvets, Tulle, Figured Mollars, Black and Colored Alpaca, Plain and Figured Repp and Valentia at 20 per cent. less than former prices. We offer for sale over

300 PIECES OF

FLANNELS!

Red, Gray and Blue Twill, Shaker, Daniel and other brands, also the celebrated Gilbert & Bennett's Fine Flannel, warranted the best in the market. We have on hand a complete stock of

LINEN TABLE CLOTHS,

Napkins and Duffels, in snow-drop and Danubian patterns, also Linen Duck, Pillow case, Linen Towelling, American and Russia Crashes and Huckabucks, all of which have been purchased when gold was low as low as \$1.50, which we now offer at less than New York Wholesale prices.

Our entire stock of Hosiery, gloves, Gamblers, Nubias, Hoods, Collars, Breakfast Shawls, Ladies and Gents' Bandana Handkerchiefs, &c., at 50 per cent. less than former prices.

Our entire stock of Dry Goods will be sold off the next two weeks at last year's prices.

LADIES CLOTHS AND CLOAKING.

We have a very large stock of these goods, that we are selling at least 25 per cent. below the present jobbing prices.

BALMORAL SKIRTS!

200 doz. Skirts now on sale. Having contracted early in the season with the manufacturers for skirts before the great rise, we are enabled to sell Balmorals just at 50 cents, 1 dollar on what they are worth now.

EMBROIDERIES!

We offer the most extensive stock of Furs to be found anywhere, consisting of 24 and 32 pieces with cuffs and muffs to match. In Mink, Coon, Fox, &c., all of which have been purchased at Auction at greatly reduced prices.

5000 BALMORAL SKIRTS,

consisting chiefly of Gilbert's new and choice styles in silk, dark and light colors, which we purchased early in the season at a low price. Our entire stock of Balmorels, 5000 in all, is now on hand at our store, and we are selling at



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## LINCOLN.

Lincoln, of these the birds will sing  
 When in poor man's chest no more  
 Some little drops of Trow would bring,  
 A fit and lasting offering  
 To drop at Virtue's door.  
  
 No worldly gain will tempt aside  
 Thy footsteps: from the path of right;  
 While honest truth thy actual guide,  
 We'll follow thee, till death's last night.  
 The name of the Right:  
  
 Whatever eares on thoo dost please!  
 While sitting at the head of state,  
 The cause of Freedom still defend,  
 And fame's proud laurels in the end  
 Thy honest toils await.  
  
 This simple tribute let me pay,  
 Now clouds obscure thy rising ray;  
 God's hand will show these clouds away,  
 And thou shalt see with one day's ray  
 Thy truth the victory wear

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"Why not?" repeated Perkins, with a discontented brows. "Why, because I like to have a little money by me."

"For what?"

"For what?" was the echo. "Why, because I might be a thousand things for which I might need money."

"And for what can you need money more than to pay an honest debt to a hard creditor, needy man? Now, John, you can't pardon me if I speak plainly."

"Go ahead," cried Perkins, with a laugh.

"Then here it is," continued Silas Tower, "and you had eight dollars in your pocket. Matthew Baldwin asked you to pay that sum, the money really belonged to him. He had worked for it, and you received the full value of his demand. He had no more right in honor to keep money than you had to embezzle a amount."

"Upon my life, Silas, you put it strong; I don't see it. Do you like to be without money?"

"No, but I would rather be without money than to be in debt."

"Do you mean to say that you would not pay away your last dollar, had you been in a man's place a minutes ago?"

"Certainly. I would, and why should I not?"

"If I have money in my pocket which is not already appropriated, it is to supply my wants."

"And to meet emergencies," suggested Perkins.

"Yes—to meet emergencies," admitted Perkins. "And what greater emergency can arise than the coming of such an applicant as Baldwin made to you? when he wants to borrow money of me, I intend to consider my own convenience; but when a man comes to me for money which I owe him, I pay it if I have it in my possession. In the first place the money is really and truly his, and I only keep it in keeping for him. Matthew Baldwin is a poor man, working hard to support himself and family; and when you told him, you know how he needed the money for work from day to day—or at least, week to week. When he had done his work you owed him eight dollars; and when he asked you for it, you pocketed the money; he was his, not yours; and when he asked you for it, you told him you could not pay it, and he was asking out what I call all one kind of embezzlement."

John Perkins laughed.

"And," pursued Tower, taking no notice of the interruption, "there is another reason why you should have paid him the money, even if it took your last penny. You should have done it for your own sake. While a man is in debt he cannot rest to waste money; he needs to save if he carries money just for the sake of spending it. Now mark me, John, and see how I do it the fixed rule of your life to pay your debts as soon as they were due, you would never spend money which was yours. This determination, put to practice, would free you from all embarrassments, and lend you into the confidence of all your fellow-men. If you have never paid a debt, or who, if debt must come, it is the liquidation of that debt as the first necessary, will be pretty sure to be the best; and in the end, he will not be called on to pay his last dollar."

"And now, my dear fellow, if you take my advice, I can give it to you."

"Go ahead."

"Do you go back and pay Matthew Baldwin your owe him. Go now, before he goes to your work. If it takes the last dollar, go and do it. Or if you have but eight dollars, go and tell him so, and then I'll divide with you."

"I guess I must think of it a while," Perkins, with another laugh.

"At all events," added Tower, "you will want to speak to you on the subject."

"Certainly."

It is at this juncture the two friends separated. Tower going to his store, while Perkins followed his way to the machine shop where he earned two dollars and a half a day.

It was Monday morning.

On Tuesday morning, John Perkins saw Baldwin in the street, and he determined he shrank down a narrow byway, so as not to meet his poor creditor.

On Wednesday morning John Perkins saw Matthew Baldwin again; but he was not forced to dodge out of the way, for this time the poor laboring man was standing at the door of a physician's office.

On Thursday morning, as John Perkins was going to his shop, he saw in the street ahead of him Matthew Baldwin and Silas Tower engaged in conversation. Directly, Baldwin crossed the street and went away; while Tower waited for Perkins to come up. The two friends shook hands and passed the compliments of the morning.

"Poor Baldwin is in trouble," said Tower, as they walked on.

"Ah, how so?" asked Perkins.

"His wife is very sick—has been sick over a week; and two of his children are down with the dysentery. One of them, the doctor thinks, will die. Poor fellow! I pity him. What with the nurses to hire, and medicine to buy, and provisions of all kinds so high, he finds it hard to get along. I lent him five dollars this morning, or rather I paid him in advance for some work he has promised to do for me."

John Perkins was seemed to be a little nervous.

"By the way," pursued Tower, after they had walked on a little while in silence, "have you paid Baldwin that eight dollars yet?"

"No—I haven't," replied John reluctantly.

"Have you money enough with you to pay it?"

"No."

"How much have you?"

"Not over three or four dollars."

"Now, John," said Tower, with sudden earnestness, "I am going to ask you a question, and you can answer me, or not, as you please. What have you done with the money you had on Monday morning?"

At first John Perkins could not tell what he had done with it, but finally he made out to account for part of it. There were two theatre tickets at fifty cents each. One oyster supper for himself and friend—a ride—two dollars. And then he owed to numerous glasses of soda and beer. In all he accounted for six dollars or thereabouts.

"I declare," said Tower, shaking his head, and speaking with solemn seriousness, "I would not like to borrow money of Matthew Baldwin for such purposes!"

"How?" muttered John. "Borrow—of Matthew Baldwin?"

"Oh! you need not try to hide the truth, John. You know what I mean."

At this point the friends separated: and as John Perkins walked towards his shop the memory of Silas Tower rang in his ears. Did he know what his friend meant? Ay, no—that he did; and when he reached his place of work he reflected long and seriously.

"I declare," he muttered to himself, as he rolled up his sleeves and arranged his tools. "I think Tower is right. I could have paid Baldwin last Monday morning if I had only thought so. I wish I had." He set his tools and fixed a bar of iron for burning. "If I paid him," he continued, as he watched the bits of iron drop from the revolving bar, "I should at this moment be better off than I am. Of course I shouldn't have borrowed money to go to the theatre with, nor to pay for horses. By the powers! Silas told the truth. That money honestly belonged to Matthew Baldwin."

And so, through the day, John Perkins talked with himself upon the subject thus brought before him, and before night he had resolved he would turn over a new leaf.

On Friday morning John Perkins saw a man carrying a little coffin into Matthew Baldwin's dwelling. The sight caused him to reflect more deeply than he had done on the day before. That little coffin, with its tale of bereavement and woe, led him into sympathy with the sufferers; and the thought that his failure in duty might have added to the sufferings of the lowly household, smote him to the heart.

Saturday evening, Perkins knocked at Matthew Baldwin's door. The poor man answered the summons. He was bowed with grief, and his eyes were red with weeping.

"Pardon me for calling at this time," said Perkins, in subdued tones; "but I thought you might need the money I owed you."

"Indeed, sir, I do need it; and I thank you for your kindness in remembering me."

The man's face brightened as he received the money, and he expressed his thanks again.

"In the time to come," said John Perkins, "I may have considerable work for you to do; and I promise that you shall never again have occasion to ask twice for what is your due."

People who were acquainted with John Perkins, and who saw him often, fancied that he walked more stately and proudly than he used to walk; and the impression with some was, that he had met with a stroke of good fortune. The grocer, and the baker, and the butcher were among those who imagined that a large sum of money had fallen to him.

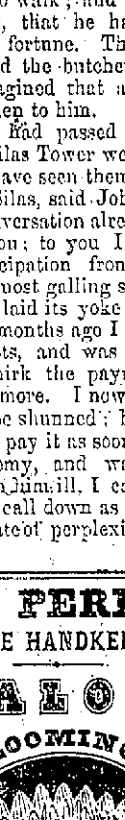
Six months had passed away. John Perkins and Silas Tower were walking together as we have seen them before.

"My dear Silas," said John, "in continuation of a conversation already begun, 'I owe it all to you; to you I am indebted for my emancipation from one of the meanest and most galling states of servitude that ever laid its yoke upon the neck of man. Six months ago I was hampered with petty debts, and was growing more inclined to shirk the payment of them; but it is so no more. I now regard a debt as a thing to be shunned; but if I must incur a debt, I pay it as soon as I can. If I had an enemy, and was malevolent enough to wish him ill, I can think of no greater evil to call down as a curse upon him than a state of perplexing, harassing debt.'"

---

**NEW PERFUME**  
FOR THE HANDKERCHIEF.

**PEALON'S**  
"NIGHT-BLOOMING CEREUS"



A Most Exquisite, Delicate, and Fragrant Perfume, Distilled from the Fragrant, Scintillating Grower, from which it takes its name.


Manufactured only by **PEALON & SON**.

**Beware of Counterfeits.**  
Ask for "Pealons'—Take no others."  
Sold by Druggists generally.

**PEALON'S BALTIMORE OYSTERS.**  
Served daily by express at "Wholesale," 1618  
Street, Philadelphia, Pa. oct4-daw-1888

## Wate-haus fur &amp;c

**HAT, CAP AND FUR STORE**



**THE LATEST STYLES**

**BROWN & CO.,**

Keep constantly on hand

**MINK, FRENCH MINK, FITCH,**

Siberian, Squirrel, &c.

in sets for Ladies and Children.

**HATS & CAPS!**

For Men and Boys, in the latest  
style of fashion.

**Beaver, South Seal & Nutre Gloves;**

**CAPS & MUFLERS,**

for Gentlemen wear.

**Buckskin Mittens and Gloves,**

for Men and Boys.

**Buffalo & Fancy Sleigh Robes**


We call especial attention to the best Robe  
in the market—Indian tanned.

**REMEMBER THE PLACE.**

**BROWN & CO.**

38 1/2 The highest market prices paid for shipping furs  
No. 4 Myers Block. 38 1/2 Broadway.

**HAT, CAP AND FUR STORE**



**MRS. BEALE!**

NEW FALL AND

**WINTER GOODS!**

GENTLEMEN'S

**FUR CAPS AND COLLARS!**

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S FURS!

LADIES

**Fur Gloves and Mittens,**

Also a beautiful line of

**Wooled Goods, Nubias, Hoods, &c.**

**MILLINERY GOODS!**

New and beautiful styles. Also

A nice Assortment of Ladies' Gloves!

Work to the River, on the corner opposite the First  
National Bank. 38 1/2 Broadway.

**Miscellaneous.**

**PORTE'S**

**"Photograph Parlors."**

This has now become one of the fixed institutions of  
Jamestown. The unbounded success which has attended  
these rooms since their opening, has more than  
met our most sanguine expectations, and a new "boom"  
seems to be demanded.

Extending, thanks to the entire community for

**THE LIBERAL PATRONAGE**

bestowed upon this institution, and the just appreciation  
given to our

**WORKS OF ART**

we solicit even a larger patronage to enable us by an  
increase of business to keep the prices of

**Pictures Within the Reach of All.**

For be it known that, despite that person who thinks  
pictures are high—pictures, good pictures are the  
cheapest commodity in market.

We shall strive hard to please all, though we cannot  
promise always to do it. But we will promise always  
to give you a good, life-like picture, and do it with the  
least possible trouble to the sitter.

**STEREOSCOPES**

Stereoscopic views of local scenes for sale at these  
rooms. We are now prepared to take Stereoscopic  
pictures of single objects or groups.

**From Life or Scenes in Nature.**

This is the only gallery in town, parlors, where  
photographs can be made with Stereoscopic effect.

**COME ONE, COME ALL,**

and when you fail to get satisfactory pictures of your-  
self or of your friends elsewhere,

**TRY PORTER.**

Jamestown, August 11th, 1864. 88 1/2 Broadway.

**E. S. BARROWS** has the pleasure  
of announcing the following list of

**PARLOR COAL STOVES**

for the trade of 1864-5, which comprises the leading  
Stoves of the year—

**P. P. Stewart's Gas Burner,**

**MORNING GLORY,**

**LITTLEFIELD'S Parlor Furnaces,**

**EMPIRE GAS BURNER,**

**CHURCH'S GAS BURNER,**

**MORNING LIGHT,**

**SEAVEY'S GAS BURNER.**

Also a choice collection of

**CHEAP COAL STOVES!!**

all of which will be found on exhibition at his store,  
and for which orders are solicited. Owing to a very  
great demand some of the above can only be furnished  
on order, and orders can only be filled in their fur-  
naces received for Littlefield's Furnaces, also Seavey's  
Furnaces for heating houses.

**VERY IMPORTANT.**

I have in stock a cheap and very effective Window  
Blind Lock, by which the blind is securely fastened so  
that it cannot be opened from the outside.

**E. S. BARROWS.**

## Dr. Goods

**PANIC IN THE  
DRY GOODS MARKET.**

Immense arrivals by

**RIORDAN & LEECH.**

January 25, 1894.

Our numerous customers are hereby informed that having visited the markets for the second time this season, at the critical period when gold was tumbling and staple and domestic dry goods were being offered in the Auction Rooms of Wildermers & Mount, Duguet & Hunter, and Van Wyck, Townsend & Co., and having purchased largely while other merchants were buying at a time, we are now prepared to offer to the public the largest and best selected

**STOCK OF GOODS**

in this city, at prices than present New York Wholesale prices. Our entire stock of

**PRINTS,**  
**MERRIMACS,**  
**COCHECROS,**  
**SPRAGUES,**  
**AMERICAN,**

and other brands at 25 per cent. less than former prices.  
Our entire stock of

**DELAINES!**

French, English and American at 25 per cent. less than former prices.  
Our entire stock of French and English!

**Merinos, Coburgs & Lyonsese Cloths**

at 25 per cent. less than former prices. Our entire stock of

**FOREIGN DRESS GOODS,**

consisting of Robaux, Poplins, Plain and Plaided Poplins, Vilain, Trestres, Figured, Molaires, Black and Colored Alpaca, Plain and Figured Robes and Valenciennes at 50 per cent. less than former prices.  
We offer hereto over

**300 PIECES OF**

**FLANNELS!**

Red, Grey and Blue Twills, Shaker Donnet and other brands, also the celebrated Gilbert & Ballard Val de France, warranted the best in the market. We have on hand a complete stock!

**LINEN TABLE CLOTHS,**

Napkins and Delicas, in snowdrop and Damask patterns, also Linen Damask Pillow-cases, Linen Towellings, American and Russian Crochets and Huckabacks, all of which have been purchased when gold was at low as \$1.50, which we now offer at less than New York wholesale prices.  
Our entire stock of Hosiery, Gloves, Cambrics, Nubian Hoods, Sontags, Breuckhat Shawls, Ladies and Childrens Balmain Hosiery, &c., &c., at 50 per cent. less than former prices.

**FURS! FURS!! FURS!!!**

We offer the most extensive stock of Furs to be found anywhere, consisting of  $\frac{1}{2}$  and  $\frac{3}{4}$  grades with ermine and mink to match, in Blank, Crossed, Fitch, &c., all of which have been purchased at Auction at greatly reduced prices.

**EMBROIDERIES!**

Our entire stock of embroideries, Brussels, Gobelins, pure Laces, Thread Embroid, Muslin, Bindings and Insertings, Ladies and Gents Linen Threadcrochets, Roman-stitched Handkerchiefs, &c., at 60 per cent. less than former prices.  
We have on hand over

**5000 BALMORAL SKIRTS,**

consisting chiefly of Gilbert's new colors to which we particularly call attention. Also over 500 dozen Deep Skirts comprising all the different styles of styles, Alpaca, Demi Quaker, Gore Trail and other brands, at prices that defy all competition.  
This most extensive stock of Middlesex, Lady Washington and Premiere Skirt

**Blanket Shawls,**

in the city, we now offer to our customers at 10 per cent. to 50 per cent. less than other houses have been selling for, also Brache, Square and Long Shaghs at a similar reduction.  
Our entire stock of Blank Silks at 50 per cent. less than former prices.  
200 New Gents, different styles.  
All pieces Ladies Cloth, all at different standards.  
Woolen Cloths, Bonnets and Cosmosses.

**Gents Furnishing Goods!**

This last variety of Single Shirts and other dress trimmings to be found in any store in the city.  
It would be impossible to enumerate our present extensive stock in the limits of an advertisement, therefore we respectfully solicit the attention of the inhabitants of Jamaica and its vicinity to be the truth of our statements.

**RIORDAN & LEECH,**  
Jenkins & DeWoy's Block, Fifth St.

**DRESSMAKING.—Miss A. M.**  
Groom would announce to the ladies of Jamaica and vicinity, that she has taken rooms at the American House, where she is prepared to do Dress and Cloak making in a manner that cannot fail to please the most fastidious. Mrs. A. M. Groom's new and superior plan for cutting dresses used, and instructions given in the same. A trial is solicited. A new set of patterns of all the latest Paris designs, in Dresses, Coats, Waists, Blouses, &c., just received.  
nov21Jan24-94

**FIRE, FIRE, FIRE!—1,000 Cords**  
of Wood for sale by McKee & Bro., delivered to any part of the city at \$3.00 per cord. Orders left with our Carrier will receive immediate attention.  
Jamestown, Dec. 31, 1893. 22-23 McKee & Bro.  
dec31

## Dry Goods

**NEW YORK CASH STORE!**

MONDAY, OCT. 8, 1906.

**GREAT EXCITEMENT!**

In the

**Dry Goods Trade!**

which in no other market can be found.

**PANIC PRICES**

**FOR TWO WEEKS!**

**OUR ENTIRE STOCK MARKED DOWN!**

On a Gold Basis, of \$1.25 to \$1.50.

Which is from:

**45 to 50 per cent. below present values!**

**PRINTS MARKED DOWN!**

To cents a yard.

**BLEACHED and BROWN SHEETINGS**

Marked down 10 cents a yard.

**DELAINES MARKED DOWN!**

10 cents a yard.

**LINENS MARKED DOWN!**

25 to 50 cents a yard.

And all other goods of this season, purchased in the same proportion.

**OUR ENTIRE STOCK**

Of French Merinos, Alpaca, Mohairs and all of our Plain Dress Goods are at lacework's purchase. Consequently we are selling them at least 60 per cent. less than the present jobbers' prices. In these goods we have a very extensive stock, and defy all competition. Our entire stock of Dress Goods will be sold off in the next two weeks at last year's price.

**LADIES CLOTHS AND CLOAKING**

We have very large stock of dress goods, that we are selling at least 25 per cent. below the present jobbing prices.

**BALMORAL SKIRTS!**

200 doz. Skirts now on sale. Having contracted early this season with the manufacturers for skirts before the great sale, we are enabled to sell Balmorals at just fifty cents each, which is what they are worth now.

**WOOLEN GOODS**

25 percent below cost of any other market. We would invite the particular attention of persons wishing to buy cloths or garments made to order, to examine our stock of Cloths, as it is by far the most complete stock in this city, and second to none in the State.

Our entire stock of Hosiery, Towels, Cambrics, and Cass Coats, Beaver, Silk Mixtures, Double and Twist Castles, and our entire stock of Rugs Woollens are at last season's purchase, consequently it is perfectly useless for parties buying their goods this season to try to compete with us in this line.

Our stock of Sherry Grey Cloth and medium woollens is very large, which we are selling 30 per cent. below the present manufacturers' price.

**WE HAVE ALSO ON HAND**

2,000 yards P. A. Wheeler & Son's selected double and single yarn cloths, made to order since they were on sale 25 percent. below what they could be made for at the present time.

**WE ARE MAKING**

Fine Weaver's Creasots 25.00 below Chicago prices.  
Fine Business Suits 25.00 do do do  
Fine Dress Suits 25.00 do do do

Persons having garments made to order will do well to examine our goods and prices before purchasing, as we are at least 25 per cent. below this or any other market on all woolen goods.

SILVER & KOSWICK.

**REAL ESTATE AGENCY—THE**

The undersigned having procured a consistent assistant is now prepared to receive the descriptions of Houses, Shops, Rooms or Real Estate for sale or to let. Also the address of persons desiring to buy or rent. For further particulars apply at the office of J. T. Baker, Justice of the Peace, Pease's Block, Main St., Oakland, Cal.

**DISSOLUTION—The firm of Bennett, Casperly & Gibbs has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The undersigned, representing the accounts of the firm necessary, and we agree our friends will give it their immediate attention. Bennett & Casperly will continue the business at the same office.**

Dated Sept. 1, 1904. JOHN R. BENNETT,  
CHARLES R. GIBBS.

## Musical Instruments

**PRINCE & CO.'S**  
-IMPROVED-  
**MELLOPHONE**  
**PATENT MELODEONS.**  
WARRANTED FOR FIVE YEARS.  
THE OLDEST ESTABLISHMENT IN THE UNITED STATES.  
Employing 200 Men, and finishing 80 Instruments per week.  
Manufactory cor. Niagara & Maryland Sts.,  
**BUFFALO, N. Y.**  
**WHOLESALE DEPOT.**  
Chicago  
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New York  
CHAS. E. BACON, Boston, Mass.  
HENRY TOLLAN & CO., Cincinnati, O.  
W. E. COLLIER, St. Louis, Mo.  
BALMER & WEBER, Philadelphia, Pa.  
JAMES DELLAR, Detroit, Mich.  
P. L. WIERLEIN, New Orleans, La.  
A. & S. NORDBRITEN, Toronto, C. W.

Persons unacquainted with the Mellophone and its utility, will bear in mind that we are the pioneers and leading manufacturers of this instrument in the United States, and in the world. We commenced the manufacture of Mellophones in the fall of the year 1847; and since that time have finished and sold of

**THIRTY THOUSAND.**

These instruments are now in use mostly in the United States and Canada, also in Europe, Asia, Africa, South America, and the West Indies, and from all those quarters we have the most flattering testimonials of the high estimation in which they are held. At all Industrial Exhibitions they have invariably been

**AWARDED THE HIGHEST PREMIUM!**

Whenever exhibiting in competition with others, we shall take pleasure in forwarding by mail (at one expense) our Illustrated Catalogue, in which every instrument we manufacture, is fully described and illustrated by elegant engravings.

As all Mellophones of our manufacture, either sold by us or dealers in any part of the United States or Canada, are warranted to be perfect in every respect, and abounding any repairs be necessary before the expiration of five years from the date of sale, we hold ourselves ready and willing, to make the same free of charge, provided the injury is not caused by accident or design.

**CAUTION.**

We daily see advertisements of some new reed instrument, with strange name, purporting to be superior to Mellophones and School Organs. A new exterior and new name naturally attract attention; but the public will bear in mind that all *Reed Instruments* now manufactured in the United States and Canada, are, as we are, made by machinery, and *fringing our patents*, copies of our own.

As Agents for the sale of our Mellophones can be found in all the principal towns of the United States and Canada, Address either

**GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.,**  
Buffalo, N. Y.

**GEO. A. PRINCE & CO.,**  
Lake Street, Chicago, Ill.  
For sale in Jacksonville, by  
J. L. DARLING, Agent.

**REMOVAL!**  
**WILSON'S MUSIC STORE,**  
removed to the store opposite Fryer's Block, two doors west of the Post office, where there may be found a good assortment of

**Pianos, Melodians, and American ORGANS!**

Also all the latest popular publications of  
**SHEET MUSIC**  
including a very great variety of Patriotic Songs. We keep constantly on hand a full stock of

**Musical Merchandise and Instruction Books.**

**COTTSCALK ON KNABE.**  
[Translated from the French.]  
After having played on the Piano of Messrs. Knabe & Co., it is impossible not to bear testimony to their qualified, which have acquired for them the public reputation which they enjoy. The Pianos of their manufacture, on which I have played, are exceedingly remarkable for their quality. The bass is powerful without harshness, and the upper notes sweet, clear and harmoniously mellow, (crystaline), and I do not hesitate to express in regard to these instruments my entire satisfaction, and to declare that they are equal if not superior to the best manufactured in Europe or this country by the most celebrated makers.

**D. D. Wilson, Jacksonville, Wis.**

**Clothing.**

**JUST RECEIVED AT THE**  
**Young America**  
**CLOTHING HOUSE!!**  
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF  
**OVERCOATINGS, BROADCLOTHS!**  
**Cassimeres & Vestings!**  
Which I will make up to order  
**25 PER CENT.**  
LOVER than they can be bought at  
any other House.  
I attract your attention to my stock of  
**READY MADE CLOTHING!**  
AND  
**Gents. Furnishing Goods.**  
I am enabled to offer my customers who wish to obtain a superior outfit, no regards quality and style, inducements which I believe cannot be equaled by any House in the State. Any one in want of  
**CLOTHING!**  
will not only secure the advantages I thus offer, but you will find a more complete stock. Come one and all and examine my goods and prices at the  
**Young America Clothing House.**  
Nov 13th, 1891 M. HARSH,  
dwtfr3230

**M. U. T. U. A. L. L. I. F. E.**  
**Insurance Co.**  
OF THE  
**STATE OF WISCONSIN.**  
THE ONLY  
**Northwestern Life Insurance Co.,**  
Office, 14 Wisconsin street, Milwaukee.  
**ASSETS, Oct. 1, 1894, \$350,000**  
Non-profit purely mutual. Endowment and ten-year-forfeiting policies granted at rates from 10 to 20 per cent. less than most of the eastern companies.  
A. W. BELLOE, Secy. S. S. JAGGERT, Pres.  
WILLIAM MERRILL, S. T. LOCKWOOD,  
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Lata, Bromo, Farina, Ont Meal, Reul Barloy, Sago, Arrow Root, &c., &c., at the  
"Gibson's" 257 N. W. MILWAUKEE DRUGSTORE.

**MACATRONI AND VERMICELLI**  
at the "Gibson's" 257 N. W. MILWAUKEE DRUGSTORE.















